

Week 1 – Tuesday	
$7 \times (5+1) =$	
$200 \times 98\% =$	
CCXIV =	
$1 \frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5} =$	
$150 \div 25 =$	
$2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3} =$	
$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	$= 120 - 76$

Success in Seven Answers – Tuesday, Week 1

1)  $7 \times (5 + 1) = 42$

Remember BODMAS. There are brackets so you must solve that section first.  $(5+ 1) = 6$ . So now you know it's  $7 \times 6$  to solve next which is 42.

2)  $200 \times 98\% = 196$

$200 \times 98\%$  is the same problem as  $98\% \times 200$

You can substitute the x sign for the word 'of' so you say 98% of 200.

% sign means parts out of 100 so 98 parts out of 200 is  $98 \times 2 = 196$ .

(You could also find 2% of 200 and take it away – have a go!)

3) Roman numerals involve you remembering the letter values and the rules of where they are placed next to each other.

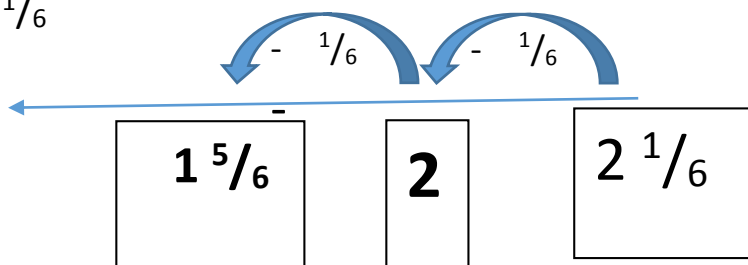
C = 100 so CC = 200      X = 10    V = 5    I = 1 so IV = 4 (as it's one less than five)      CCXIV = 214

4)  $1 + \frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = 1 + \frac{6}{5} = 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{5} = 2 \frac{1}{5}$

5) Just count in 25s ... 0, 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150

There are six 25s in 150 so  $150 \div 25 = 6$

6)  $2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$  We know  $\frac{1}{3}$  is the same as  $\frac{2}{6}$  so we can jump back  $\frac{2}{6}$  from  $2 \frac{1}{6}$



7)  $44 = 120 - 76$