










<b>Primrose</b> ( <i>Primula Vulgaris</i> )	<b>Bulbous buttercup</b> ( <i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i> )	<b>Cowslip parsley</b> ( <i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i> )	<b>Cowslip</b> ( <i>Primula Veris</i> )	<b>Violet</b> ( <i>Viola Sororia</i> )	<b>Daisy</b> ( <i>Bellis perennis</i> )	<b>Wild daffodil</b> ( <i>Narcissus pseudonarcissus</i> )	<b>Dandelion</b> ( <i>Taraxacum</i> )	<b>White clover</b> ( <i>Trifolium repens</i> )
								

Things to try at home to support learning...

- Hunt for some of the plants above in your garden or local park.
- Plant a seed and watch it grow.
- Draw a picture of your favourite flower.
- Have a go at some simple sewing stitches.



## Flower Power Knowledge Organiser

### Vocabulary

**petal** – thin coloured or white parts which form the flower

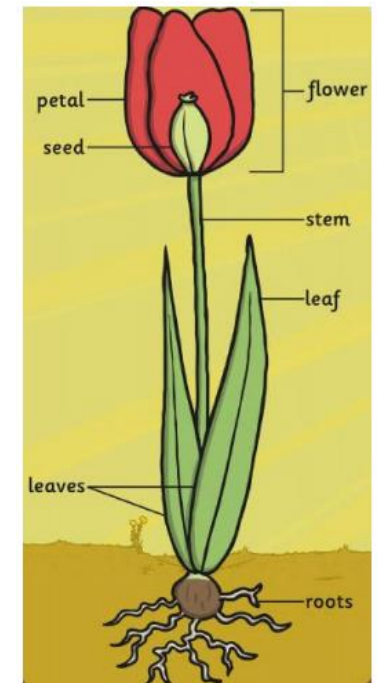
**flower** – often brightly coloured, grows at the end of a stem

**stem** – thin, upright part on which flowers and leaves grow

**leaf** – flat, thin and usually green on trees and plants. Many trees lose their leaves in autumn and grow new ones in spring

**seed** – small, hard part from which a new plant grows

**root** – part of a plant that grow underground



sunlight



water



**nutrients**  
usually found  
in soil

What do plants need to grow healthily?