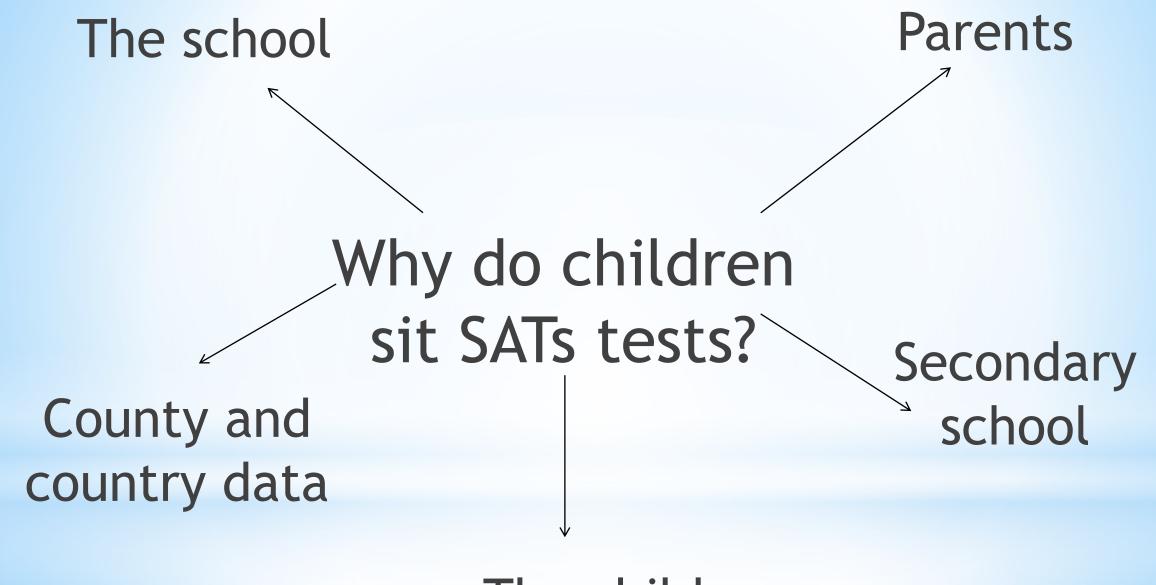
Welcome! Y6 SATs Information Evening



While you wait, have a look through:

Reading Booklet and Answer Booklet
Maths Arithmetic and Reasoning papers
Grammar paper

PLEASE RETURN ALL PAPERS ONCE
YOU HAVE HAD A GLANCE



The child

The Road to SATs...

- Their education throughout the whole of school
- Revising & consolidating the curriculum in Year 6
- Re-visiting learning often (Early Morning Work, Flashback Maths)
- SATs style homework tasks CGP books
- Practice papers (formal and informal)
- Keeping track of progress to inform parents and to adapt our teaching
- Interventions
- Official Mock SATs week (March/April)
- Gathering evidence to determine which children may require extra provision e.g. an adult to read questions to them in maths, extra time etc.

Date	Exam
Tuesday 9 May 2023	Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling - Paper 1 Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling - Paper 2
Wednesday 10 May 2023	English Reading
Thursday 11 May 2023	Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic) Maths Paper 2 (Reasoning)
Friday 12 May 2023	Maths Paper 3 (Reasoning)

All exams are in the morning.

Due to the King's Coronation, there will be an exam on Friday 12th May. Please avoid booking holiday during this time, or the lead up to SATs. Children will need to be in school promptly or can attend a breakfast club.

Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar (SPaG)

Comprised of 2 tests - combined score

- Test 1 (45 minutes) measures their punctuation, spelling and grammar skills: terminology, word class, sentence types and structures (50 marks)
- Test 2 measures their ability to spell words using a variety of rules plus the ability to remember key exception words (20 marks)

Come and see me tomorrow I will not have time to see you today. conjunction adverb verb Which verb form completes the sentence? After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected has collected	Insert a semi-colon in the correct place in the sentence below.	What is the wor
werb Which verb form completes the sentence? After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected Complete the seconjunction.	Come and see me tomorrow I will not have time to see	The alarm rang
adverb Which verb form completes the sentence? After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected has collected	you today.	Ti
Which verb form completes the sentence? After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected Complete the seconjunction.		conjunction
Which verb form completes the sentence? After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected has collected		adverb
After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview. Tick one. is collecting had collected has collected Complete the se conjunction.		verb
Tick one. is collecting had collected Complete the se conjunction.	Which verb form completes the sentence?	determiner
had collected has collected Complete the se conjunction.	After Disha her medal, she gave a television interview.	
had collected Complete the se conjunction.	Tick one.	
has collected Complete the seconjunction.	is collecting	
has collected conjunction.	had collected	
was collecting Tracey decided t	has collected	Complete the sent conjunction.
	was collecting	Tracey decided to

What is the wo	ord class of the underlined word in the sentence below?							
The alarm rang and Jamal immediately jumped out of bed.								
Т	ick one.							
conjunction								
adverb								
verb								
determiner								

Complete the sentence with an appropriate subordinating conjunction.								
Tracey decided to walk	it was a lovely day.							

1. Mum hit her _____ with the hammer.

2. The boy had _____ keeping up with his elder sister.

3. Add eggs to your cake ______.

4. The new laptop is light and ______.

Qu.	Spelling	Mark	Content domain reference
1	thumb	1	S60— words with 'silent' letters (i.e. letters whose presence cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word)
2	trouble	1	S40— the /n/ sound spelt ou
3	mixture	1	S44— words with endings sounding like /ʒə/ or /tʃə/
4	portable	1	S56— words ending in -able and -ible words ending in -ably and -ibly

Antonym opposite words

- dark and light
- strong and week

Word Families

group of words that can be built from the same root word

- friend, friendly, friendship

Singular & Plural Nouns

Singular nouns indicate there is one

- bost, house, cat

Plural nouns ends in yowel + o -> adds - cat > cats

consonant + o/ ends in sh. ch. x. z. s.

-> edd es - church > churches

ends in consonent + y

-> change y to Ladd es baby > bables

ends vowel + y -> add s toy > toys

ends in f, fe-> change f to v, add es losf > losves

Formal/ Standard

type of English you should use in your written work

- Mave you seen Tom?

Non-standard (

informal use of language

We ain't seen him.



Prefix

add to the beginning of the word to make a new word

- trans- (means 'across') beyond") + form =

Synonym(

words that mean thesame

- dirty and unclean
- sad and unhappy

Homophones

words that sound the same, but don't mean the same thing

- to, too, two

Vowels

e, e, i, o, u Consonants all other letters

Suffix

edd to the end of the word to make a new word

- acres 4 -able (means 'capable of') agreeable

Clauses

e group of words that contains a verb, part of a sentence

Main dause

simple sentence that contains subject and verb and makes sense on its own I like dogs.

Subordinate clause (or phrase)

simple sentence which does not make sense on its own - I was born in New York, which is where my parents live.

Relative clause

type of subordinate clause that describes noun who, which that

- She lives in Paris, which (relative pronoun) is the capital of France (relative clause).



Companion www. satscompanion.com

Commas,

- Hyphens, Bullet

Points removing extra information used to show peuses, in a sentence I had a bowl of soup.

make lists, and add extra bits of information in the middle of the sentences

Indirect repeating what someone said; do not need to use speech marks

Speech

- Peter said he did not want to go to achool.

Direct

write down exactly what the person is saying; use inverted commes ("speech merks")

- "I don't want to go to school," said Peter.

Capital

uppercase letters

.?!

sentence

endings

Phrases

group of words which

doesn't have a verb,

subject or both.

Noun Phrases

starts with noun

Adjective Phrase

starts with adjective

Preposition Phrase

starts with preposition

Conjunctions

- He likes dogs and she likes cats.

- I do not like dogs because they are loud.

Co-ordinating conjunctions

Subordinating conjunctions

for and, nor, but, or,

yet, so (FANBOYS)

when, if, that, because

under the weather

happy at his results.

- The old city

- The young men

? Question

uses question mark to ask a question

- How many friends do you have?

Statement

simply tells the reader something

Exclamation

I have many friends.

uses apostrophe (1) to show possession (one thing belongs to enother) The bone of the dog -> the dog's bone uses exclamation mark to show sentence is saying something

Command

when you are telling

someone to do

something; usually

starts with a verb

(doing word)

to your friend.

Give the prese

) Brackets.

... Ellipses,

Dashes

ways of adding and

() usually have rice) for

dinner

'Apostrophes

uses apostrophe (*) to show you have

You have -> you've

omitted (left out) some letters in a word

surprising or with force

- That dog is dirty!

Noun

names, person, place, orthing

Common - hand, table, dog Proper

- Sarah, London Collective team, family, herd Abstract - love, peace, hate

who is carrying out en ection

- Andrea (subject) spoke to (verb) Jorge (object).

who is the action done to or for?

Verb the thing or person a doing or

- play, work, study

takes the place of a noun

-that, which, who, whore, whose,

-my mine, you, his, her, their, theirs

Personal

Possessive

Adjective describes a noun

action word

a friendly tiny dog

Pronoun

Adverbs adverbs give additional information about the time place or manner of the verb

-1, you, she, him, we, us, they them Relative many adjectives can be turned into adverbaby adding-ly to the end

proud -> proudly, kind -> kindly.

alow-> alowly

Adverbial

an adverbial phrase is when more than one word does the adverb's job

- The hurricane struck the island whilst we were asleep.

Determiners

words that introduce nouns

tells you whether noun is specific (the) or general (s or an)

- She took a small suitcase.
- She took the small suitcase.

Preposition

where or when something is in relation to something else

- after above, on, under
- The dog was under the table.
- After the exam, Lucy was happy.

Present & Past Progressive

Present progressive

She is reading the book.

Past Progressive - He was reading the book when I arrived.

Active & Passive Verbs

Active

verb where the subject does the action

- The boy hugged the teddy bear. The boy does the action.

Passive

verb where the subject of the sentence has the action done to it.

- The teddy bear was hugged by the boy. The bear receives the action

Semicolons, Colons

Semicolons

used to divide complicated sentences

- It was very late; everyone was still not home.

used at the start of lists; used in between clauses in a sentence

- Bring these things to the pionic: outlery, plates, and food

Connective

word or phrase that links

also, besides, however

clauses or sentences

Types of Sentences

Simple

has one clause - Mrs Jones is a great teacher

Compound has 2 clauses linked together

with a connective - Mrs. Jones is a great teacher and she is always helpful.

Complex

has a main clause, connective and subordinate clause

- Mrs Jones, who is a great teacher,

always has a smile on her face.

subjunctive shows something imagined, wished or possible.

- If I were stronger, I would lift that box.

Subjunctive Forms

Modal Verbs Simple Present verb used to show the level of

possibility indicate ability,

will, may, must

show obligation, give permission

We will have a sandwich for lunch.

- You must take the test tomorrow.

something which happens regularly

I walk to achool.

Simple Past something that's finished

- I walked to school this

also used in commands, wishes and requests

Present & Past Perfect

Present perfect form use have/has - I have read 'The Three Little Pigs'.

Past perfect form use had

- He had left the room.

Reading

- 1 hour to complete the test
- 3 texts, usually a range of fiction and non-fiction
- A set of questions (usually around 12) about each text
- Not a memory test the children can refer to the text as much as they want!
- Focus on understanding language style and vocabulary, retrieval of information and their comprehension through inference/deduction style questions.
- Scored out of 50 1, 2 and 3 mark questions

Retrieving Information

22	Look at the section headed: Frequently asked questions.	
	How long did the fastest swim across the Channel take?	
		4 mort

What event made Matthew Webb want to swim the English Channel?

1 mark

Vocabulary/ Understanding Language

A Siamese cat crouched on a tree branch, peering down at Gaby with			
brilliant blue eyes.	_		
Which word is closest in meaning to crouched?	17	Look at the paragraph beginning: Twenty-seven-year-old Webb	
Tick one.		Find and copy one word from this paragraph that is closest in meaning to 'motivated'.	
balanced		to motivated.	
squatted			1 mark
trembled			
pounced 1 mark			

11	She resettled on the branch, considering her	options.	
	What does considering her options mean in	this sentence?	
	Т	ick one.	
	thinking about what to do		
	changing her mind		
	looking at it from the cat's point of view		
	wishing her mother was there		1 mark

Comprehension/inference/deduction

26	David Walliams was determined to be successful in his attempt to swim the English Channel. Give one piece of evidence from the text which shows this.				
		3	36 L	Look at the paragraph beginning: Carefully, Michael leaned	
		_	٧	What does this paragraph tell you about Michael's character?	
		11		Explain two features of his character, using evidence from the text to support your answer.	
			-		
₋ook at	the paragraph beginning: Well, she'd just have to not fall		-		
The c	eat was too shiny. Too chubby.		-		
What co	onclusion does Gaby draw from this?		-		
			_		
	1 ma	ırk	-		
			_		3 m

Consider the type of questions you are asking your child when they are reading...

What does that word mean? Can you think of another word which means something similar?

What impression does the word (provide word and context) glare give us about how Shirley felt towards her cousin?

Can you find a word in this paragraph that is closest in meaning to (provide word) annoyed?

In what year did (provide fact) the French authorities make it illegal for people to swim from France to England?

In the last paragraph, X does not want to do something. Give two reasons why X does not want to do this.

How was the character feeling when...? How do you know? What evidence is there in the text?

Mathematics

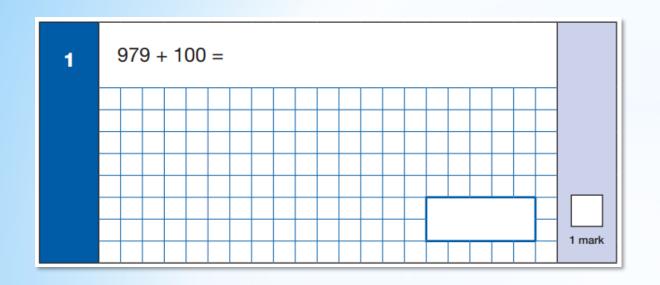
- Comprised of 3 tests
- Test 1 (30 minutes) Arithmetic

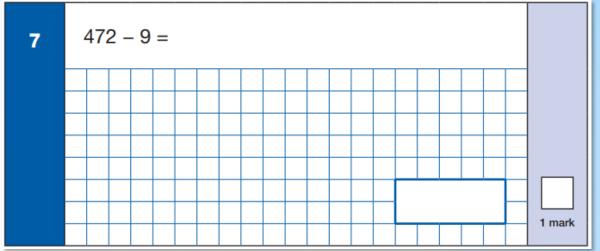
Not in context and a focus on number, fraction and percentages.

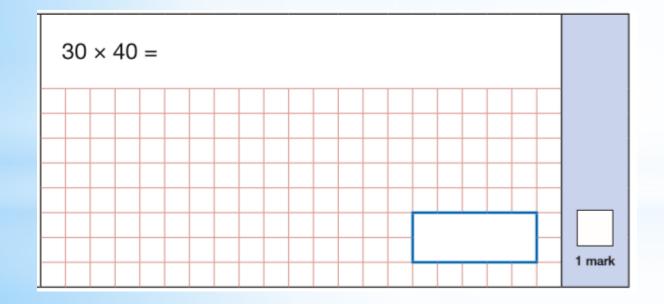
Encourages the children to use efficient methods

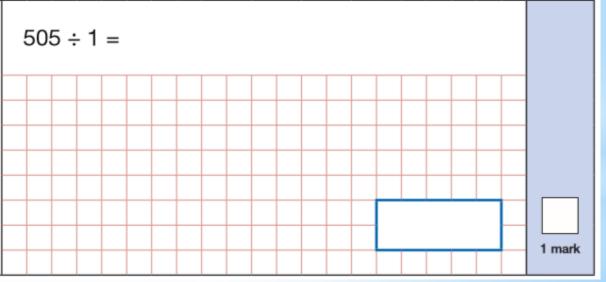
- Test 2 and 3 (each 40 minutes) Reasoning

Questions are in context or require a deeper level of understanding than just procedural mathematics. Number geometry, coordinates, fractions, decimals and percentages, angles, algebra are covered

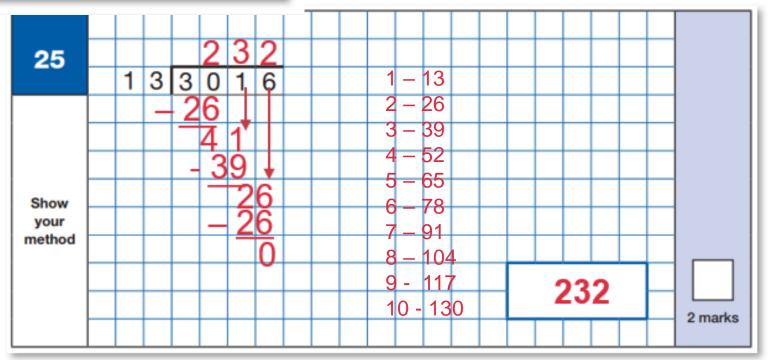


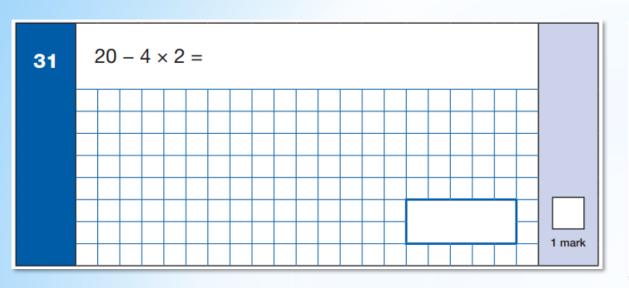


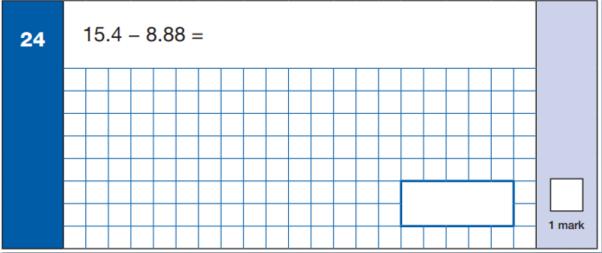


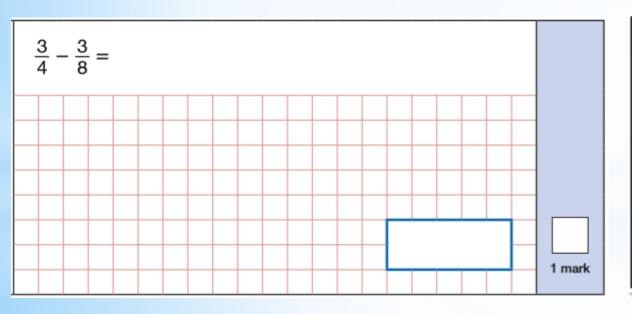


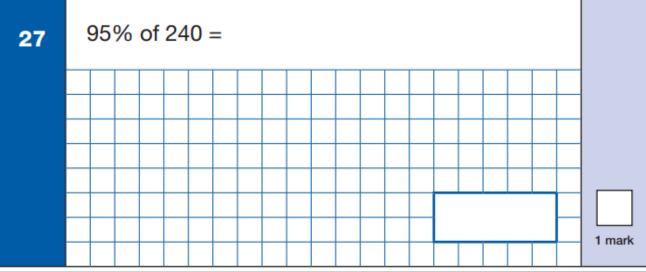
29				6	7	8										
	>	۷			5	4										
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Show		_	_	, –	_	_										
your																
method																
											2	6,	6	42		
											J	Ο,	,0	12	-	2 marks
																Ziliarks











Stefan's watch shows five minutes past nine.

The watch is twelve minutes fast.



What is the correct time?



1 mark

A box contains trays of melons.

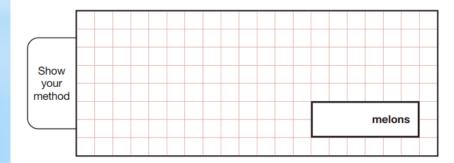
There are 15 melons in a tray.

There are 3 trays in a box.



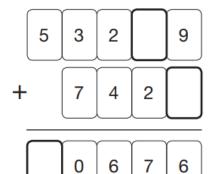
A supermarket sells 40 boxes of melons.

How many melons does the supermarket sell?



2 marks

Write the three missing digits to make this addition correct.



2 marks



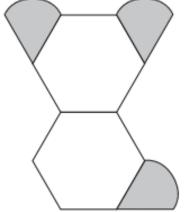
Write the correct symbol in each box to make the statements correct.

2 marks

21

Amina is making designs with two different shapes.

She gives each shape a value.





Total value is 147

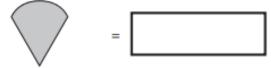
Total value is 111

Calculate the value of each shape.

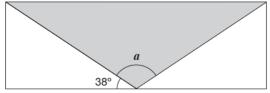


1 mark

1 mark

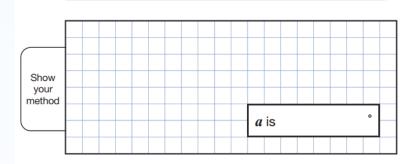


A shaded **isosceles** triangle is drawn inside a rectangle.



Not to scale

Calculate the size of angle a.



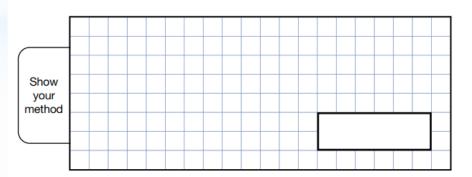
2 marks

10 A bag of 5 lemons costs £1

A bag of 4 oranges costs £1.80



How much **more** does one orange cost than one lemon?



2 marke

How well did my child do?

The Test

•A raw score (number of correct answers).

Scaled score

•Once all children's results are in nationally, their raw score is converted into a scaled score.

What's reported?

 Your child's SATs raw score, scaled score, school and national average scaled score and teacher assessment for science and writing.

Scaled Score

Child A
Raw score 17/50
Standardised score of 93
Has not yet met the expected standard

Child B
Raw score 26/50
Standardised score of 100
Met the expected standard

Child C
Raw score 42/50
Standardised score of 114
110 or over is classed as
'Greater Depth'

Working below expectations Working just below expectations

Working at expectations

Working at greater depth

80

100 120

Meeting the expected standard indicates that the child is in a good academic position to access the KS3 curriculum as their KS2 curriculum knowledge and understanding is at a good standard.

Of course, some children will not meet the expected standard so we will endeavour to get them as close to this as possible as we will focus on their progress.

End of Year Report

SATs Test Res	<u>sults</u>	Your Child's Scaled Score	St Mark's Average Scaled Score	National Average Scaled Score		
English Reading	Total Score: 41/50	110	105	104		
English Grammar Grammar: 40/50	Total Score : 58/70 Spelling: 18/20	112	108	106		
Mathematics Arithmetic: 32/40	Total Score: 83/110	106	105	105		
Reasoning1: 23/35	Reasoning2: 28/35					

End of Year Report

Teacher Assessment

English Writing Working at greater depth

Science Working at expected standard

As well as the SATS test results, each child is given a teacher assessment in writing and science, which shows the level that they are working at in school each day.

For Science, only "Has not yet met expected standard" or "Working at expected standard" is reported.

Home support to prepare for SATs

- EMW starts at 8:30
- Encourage them! A positive attitude goes a long way!
- Try to provide a quiet corner of the house for homework and study, that's as free from distractions as possible
- Encourage your child to talk to us if they express persisting anxieties about SATs. Remember that a small amount of anxiety is normal and not harmful

Home support to prepare for SATs

- Listen to them read (with effective questioning!)
- Support them with homework
- Avoid using past papers there are plenty of inexpensive or free SATs practice materials for parents available
- Direct them to useful websites (Rockstars/BBC bitesize) https://www.cgpbooks.co.uk/resources/ks2-sats-online-10-minute-tests

Home support to prepare for SATs

- Bring learning into everyday life practise key skills like times tables and practise mental maths in real world scenarios (shopping/cooking)
- Help them to become resilient learners
- Plan something exciting for the weekend after SATs this will give your child something to look forward to
- Ensure your child has breakfast before school and brings in a snack and water bottle and ensure that they are getting a suitable amount of sleep.

We want these exams to be as relaxed and as stress-free as possible!

Emphasis will be on effort and progress rather than attainment ©

Any questions?