

# Key Concept: Responsibility and Respect

Geographical Vocabulary	
<b>rainforest</b>	A dense forest, normally found in tropical areas with high rainfall. They generate much of the world's oxygen.
<b>country</b>	A nation with its own government e.g. UK, USA, Germany
<b>continent</b>	The world's main continuous pieces of land - Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe, North America, South America, Antarctica
<b>equator</b>	Imaginary line through the middle of the Earth that receives the most sunlight.
<b>Tropic of Cancer/Capricorn</b>	Imaginary lines north and south of the equator. Most rainforests can be found between these two lines.
<b>climate</b>	The weather and temperature usually found in an area over a long period of time.
<b>biome</b>	A large region of Earth that has a certain climate and certain types of living things.
<b>temperate</b>	Places where it is neither very hot nor very cold. Usually has warm summers and cool winters.
<b>tropical</b>	Around the middle of the world in the region called the Tropics where it is warm all year.
<b>biodiversity</b>	The wide range of living things on Earth.
<b>ecosystem</b>	A community of plants and animals that rely on each other to survive.
<b>indigenous</b>	A living thing that belongs naturally to an area.
<b>deforestation</b>	The action of clearing a wide area of trees.
<b>human features</b>	Areas of land which are man-made/synthetic. They are there because of human ideas and actions.
<b>physical features</b>	These are the physical characteristics of the land and are there naturally (mountains, rivers etc.)



Key Information about Brazil			
<b>Continent</b>	South America	<b>Capital city</b>	Brasilia
<b>Surrounding waters</b>	Atlantic ocean Amazon river	<b>Main language</b>	Portuguese
<b>Religions followed in Brazil</b>	Christianity, Judaism and Islam.	<b>Population</b>	209.3 million people (2017)
		<b>Other major cities</b>	Sao Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, Porto Alegre, Manaus
<b>Currency</b>	Brazilian real (BRL)	<b>Famous for...</b>	The Amazon jungle, Carnival and 2016 Olympics

# Olá Brazil! Knowledge Organiser

Layers and Features of the Rainforest	
<b>Emergent Layer</b>	Giant trees that enjoy the most sun but high winds and cold.
<b>Canopy</b>	Dense layer of trees overlapping each other. Home to most animals in rainforests.
<b>Understory</b>	Relatively dark, open area below the canopy.
<b>Undergrowth</b>	Also known as the forest floor, mainly consisting of fallen leaves, fruit etc. that decomposes as food for trees.
<b>Flora &amp; Fauna</b>	Flora = plants; Fauna = animals
<b>Camouflage</b>	Blending in to hide in the natural environment.

<u>Causes of Deforestation</u>	
1	To clear space for farming: growing crops (e.g. soya beans & palm oil) and space cattle to generate cheap beef.
2	Chopping down trees for wood.
3	To build roads to mine for metals, gold & diamonds.
4	To dig for oil.
5	To flood areas to make dams & generate electricity.

<u>Impact of Deforestation</u>	
1	An area the size of 20 football pitches is destroyed every 60 seconds.
2	½ of the tropical rainforests we had are gone.
3	28,000 species of animals are expected to become extinct in the next 25 years.
4	Local people's homes are destroyed.
5	Levels of carbon dioxide in the air are increasing and oxygen is decreasing.