

# Beneath the Shadows

Our Key Concept:  
Fairness

Where was it built?

Belfast, Ireland 🇮🇪

Where was it going? On its maiden voyage from Southampton (UK 🇬🇧) to New York (America 🇺🇸).

When? April 10th 1912



## First Class

The wealthiest people travelled in first class, located at the top of the ship. They slept in private, spacious suites and enjoyed delicious food in a grand dining room. They had access to lots of facilities, like cafes, a swimming pool, squash courts, barber shop and a reading and writing room.



## Second Class

Second class was not too bad. Their accommodation consisted of cabins with two or four beds and a sofa, storage facilities, a sink and a mirror. Second class passengers could also enjoy an outdoor walkway, relaxation room, library and dining room.



## THIRD CLASS

Third class facilities were much more basic. Located at the bottom of the ship, cabins slept up to ten people and each had a sink and mirror. There was also a dining room where food was served three times a day. All 700 third class passengers had to share two bathtubs!



## What happened to the Titanic?

On April 14th 1912, the Titanic hit an iceberg whilst sailing across the Atlantic Ocean. Water began to quickly fill the front part of the ship. The captain is told the ship can float for 2 hours and calls for help. The crew start to get the lifeboats ready. Women and children are the first to use the lifeboats. The Titanic sank on April 15th 1912. Over 1500 people died.



Could more lives have been saved?

There was only 20 lifeboats - enough for half the people on board. If they had more lifeboats, more lives would have been saved.

The first few lifeboats were half-empty, wasting precious spaces.

Our big question: Is segregation ever a good thing

## Fun Fact!

In 1985, divers found the Titanic on the bottom of the ocean floor.



The 'Unsinkable' Molly Brown American Margaret Brown was a very wealthy woman. She survived the disaster. She helped to row a lifeboat and went back to look for survivors.

(The company that owned the Titanic)



Titanic was known as the ship of Dreams and the UNsinkable ship. White Star Line claimed she was the safest ship of all time. To make sure she wouldn't sink, she was made up of 16 separate sections. If two, or even three sections were damaged and water got in, the ship would still have time to sail to safety but this didn't happen.



# The Titanic Timeline



1908-1909

Work begins on White Star Liner's newest steam ship, Titanic. It will be the largest steam ship ever made, and is built in Belfast, Ireland.



April 10th

Passengers arrive in Southampton excited to board the ship. The Titanic sets off on her maiden voyage at midday.

11:50pm

Water has poured in and risen extremely quickly in the front part of the ship.



12:05am

The lifeboats are uncovered and passengers and crew get ready on deck. There is only room for half of the people on board in the lifeboats.



12:45am

The first lifeboat is lowered into the water. It leaves not even half full. The first of eight distress rockets are fired.

2:05am

The last lifeboat is lowered in to the water. Over 1,500 people remain stranded on the ship. Titanic's deck becomes steeper and the rear of the ship breaks off.

8:50am

The Carpathia finally travels away from any remaining wreckage and makes its way to New York. She has managed to save only 705 passengers and crew. Most of them are unable to be saved.

April 1912

April 14th

April 15th

April 12th- 13th

The Titanic sails through calm waters towards New York. It carries 2,223 people on board.

11:40pm

The lookouts see an iceberg dead ahead. The Titanic tries to steer round it and is hit on the right hand side.



12:00am

The captain is told the ship can only stay afloat for a couple of hours. He gives the order to call for help over the radio.

12:25am

Lifeboats are loaded with women and children first. Another ship, The Carpathia, picks up the distress call about 58 miles away and sails as quickly as possible to help her.



2:20am

The remaining ship levels out for a few moments before slowly filling with more water. The water pulls the ship back high into the air before pulling it under. Remaining passengers are stranded in the icy waters. Most of them are unable to be saved.

